

The Tabernacle (Exodus 40)

Sunday, October 29th, 2023

Maxwell, David. *Concordia Journal Vol. 49 N. 3: "The Exegetical Elephant in the Room."* (p. 15-37).

Exegesis: "to lead out of..."

Patristic Exegesis: The primary meaning of the text is found in its role in the larger story of salvation.

Contemporary Exegesis: The primary meaning of the text is found in its original context as it was intended by the original human author and understood by the original audience.

Patristic exegesis has practical flaws. Contemporary exegesis has theoretical flaws.

A Possible Solution: The primary meaning is found in the literal, historical sense of the text. The secondary meaning is found in the allegorical sense which illuminates the literal.

Pattern Recognition Game

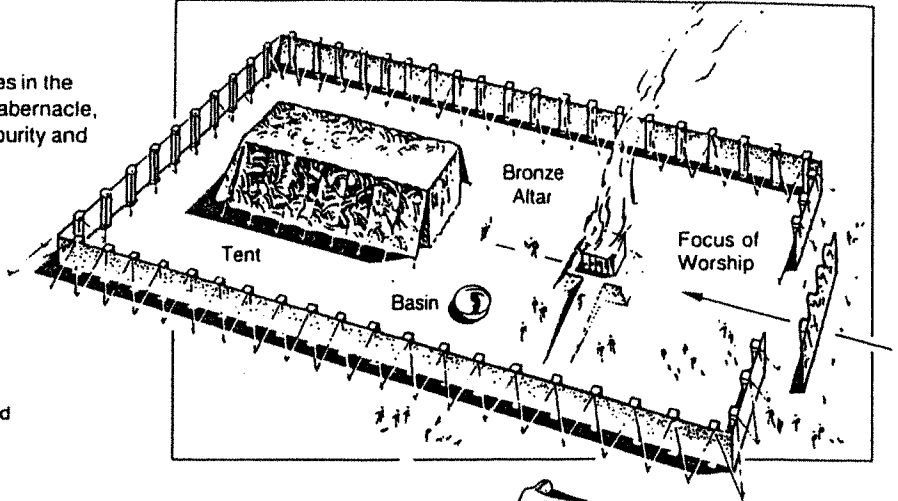
My Interpretation of the Tabernacle

Old Testament	New Testament
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

The Tabernacle

The new religious observances taught by Moses in the desert centered on rituals connected with the tabernacle, and amplified Israel's sense of separateness, purity and oneness under the Lordship of Yahweh.

A few desert shrines have been found in Sinai, notably at Serabit el-Khadem and at Timnah in the Negev, and show marked Egyptian influence.



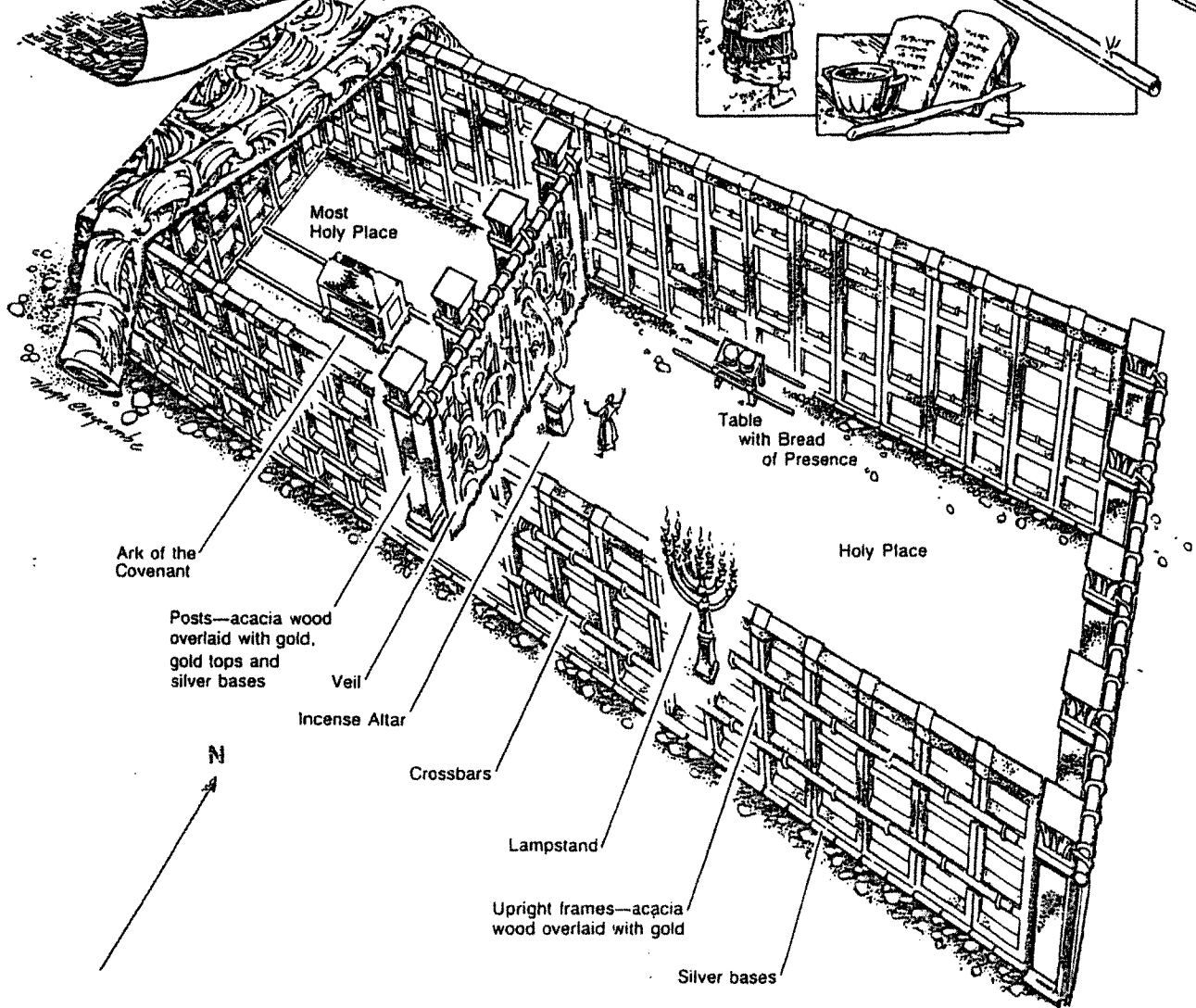
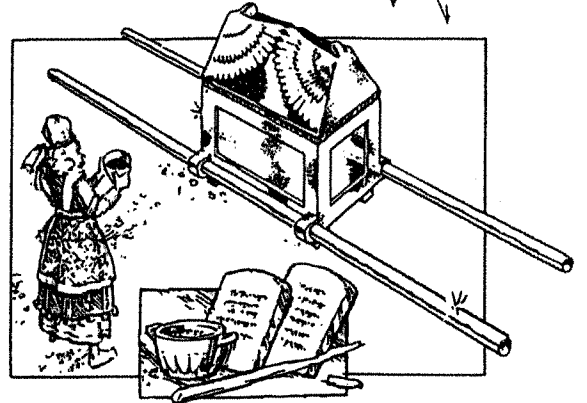
Hides of Sea Cows providing a waterproof covering and "camouflaging" the rich interior from enemies and bandits



Ram skins, Dyed Red

Goat hair

Fine twisted linen, blue, purple and scarlet yarn, with cherubim embroidered by skilled craftsmen



Ark of the Covenant

Posts—acacia wood overlaid with gold, gold tops and silver bases

Veil

Incense Altar

Crossbars

Lampstand

Upright frames—acacia wood overlaid with gold

Silver bases

Most Holy Place

Table with Bread of Presence

Holy Place